

## **Teacher's Self-Feedback Form**

**The F-Words** by CanChild focus on six key areas of child development - Fun, Friends, Family, Fitness, Function, and Future. As an instructor with the Dance Ability Movement, you play a critical role in supporting your dancers' growth throughout their dance classes and beyond!

Please use this tool to document how you are applying the F-words within your classes, identify next steps for yourself, ideas for future classes, and/or questions/feedback from OTs, volunteers, parents, etc. You can refer to the F-Words Teacher Checklist on pages 3-6 of this document for details.

Learn more about the F-words by reading the original F-words publication Rosenbaum, P., & Gorter, J. W. (2012). The 'F-words' in childhood disability: I swear this is how we should think!. Child: care, health and development, 38 (4), 457-463. or visit the F-words Knowledge Hub at: www.canchild.ca/f-words

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<b>Fun:</b> The driving force of my class! I create a space that feels comfortable for dancers to be able to enjoy themselves and share ideas within the group. Dancers look forward to dance class, and leave feeling good (and so do!).
Friendship: It is important that everyone feels included and has the chance to make friends with their peers. I help to facilitate meeting new people, communication & sharing ideas, and building relationships between the dancers. I model positive language and interactions among the group.
<b>Family</b> : I create positive relationships with dancers' family members and take time to connect with them and learn from them. I foster a welcoming space for parents, include them in my decision-making, share successes, ask for feedback, and recognize the value they bring to our classes.

Teacher's Name:	Studio:	Season:
	ement activities that will keep	dancers to improve their fitness skills. My dancers engaged and motivated. I support nd abilities.
lesson planning. I facilitate others class activities, exploring movement strengthens their sense of belong	in building their capacity and ent and challenging themselv ing as an expert member of t sses in new ways, and use c	d volunteer, and incorporate this into my performance competence by engaging in es, which validates their abilities and he dance community. I invite others to use reativity to design classes that are unique to
Future: I help our dancers to sha self-confidence which will help the aspirations, and encourage new p	em succeed in their future en	deavours. I seek insight into their future

Teacher's Name:	Studio:	Season:
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## **Teacher F-Words Checklist**

Below are actionable items that you can do as a teacher to implement the F-words within your dance classes

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		Set the tone of the class to be a fun environment!
		Themed classes (i.e., Halloween, Christmas, Superhero day) or use of costumes
		Including freeze dance/freestyle/free time into class plan for dancers to give them the opportunity to be the leader and explore their own movement
		Include fun activities/songs that are enjoyed by dancers (i.e., Hey baby, hip hop warm up song, flower petals, parachute, hula-hoops, sing-along songs, etc.) to facilitate participation and encourage creative movement
		Teachers & volunteers having high energy, enthusiasm, having fun and being creative to set the tone of the class
		Embody positive body language (i.e., smiling, open posture, high fives, encouragement, laughing, etc.)
		Observe dancers and volunteers having fun with friends, volunteers, teachers or by themselves - take note of what they enjoy and how they express joy!
Frie	end	S S
		Set group norms/ class rules/guidelines/expectations at beginning of season
		Introductions in opening circle
		□ Ex: Drum Circle Activity - helps dancers in the class introduce themselves to
		each other in a fun way and promotes a feeling of acceptance and belonging as the whole group chants each dancer's name to the rhythm of a drum they beat and drumming their feet against the floor)
		Use name tags for the first couple of weeks
		Providing support to provide a model for socialization and dancing (turn taking, initiating conversations and learning about each other)
		Peer learning (modeling, social learning, healthy competition to motivate each other)
		Provide networking opportunities with other families to support friendships and supportive dance studio community
		Keep records of dancers' attendance (Dance Studio Pro link).
Far	nily	
		Communication with family re:
		☐ Upcoming events, reminders, recital info, updates
		☐ Child's progress, participation, areas of strength and/or areas for growth, parents
		participation and involvement with supporting child

	☐ Follow ups, incident debriefs, safety plans
	☐ Guest coming in (i.e., Special Olympics ambassador)
	Consult with families by asking for their input, feedback, and if they have
	suggestions/recommendations on other strategies they may have to further improve
	child's participation in dance class
_	valued team contributors to help in facilitating each dancer's participation
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	Work towards achieving the just- right challenge where dancers feel as though they are
	being challenged and are able to succeed
	Have a good warm up and stretch to start class
	Incorporate consistent movements through action songs
	Provide opportunity to build core strength, balance, coordination, flexibility, gross and fine
	motor skills and endurance through dance
	Optimize class time and engage dancers in movement as much as possible during the
	class using the elements of dance (keep them active and moving, minimize transition
	time and/or waiting time to travel across the floor)
	strategy: have volunteers engage dancers in quiet games/ movement activity
	while teacher is occupied with something else so that they are still moving
Functi	ion
*Comr	municate with your OT to learn more about your dancers' specific needs and and abilities,
and th	eir recommended strategies in providing support
<b>Dance</b>	ers' Functioning
	Ensuring a just-right challenge (activities that are challenging but still achievable)
	Have consistent moves/songs that are achievable
	Mix in new move /songs to continue to challenge dancer
	Use of action songs to promote movement
	Use of props to support movement and placement (i.e., cones, spot markers, feathers,
	drums, stop signs on doors, etc.)
	Provide education around body parts (how to use them in isolation, unison, etc.)
	Observe and support each dancer's functioning (i.e, use of body, if dancer is favouring
	one side over the other, etc.)
	Use proper positioning and handling techniques (i.e., transfers, mobility, mobility
	equipment/devices, how to safely get up from the floor, assisted walking/ movement,
	etc.)
	Teach quality of movement (soft, sharp, etc.) & how to match energy to quality of
	movement
	Teaching steps at a slower pace than speed it up as dancers pick up on steps, using
	repetition, exaggerating movements, modeling, cueing, breaking down movements

Studio:

Season:

Teacher's Name:

		(footwork, then arms, then add together), clapping out beat, using physical guidance
		(hand over hand), tactile cues, etc.
		Utilize energy conservations strategies (i.e., asking/taking breaks, doing a variety of high
		energy and more relaxed activities, etc.)
		Providing opportunity for dancers to showcase their ability to recall steps from previous
		weeks
		Use improvisation/freestyle as a way to explore movement
		Strategies to adapt lower extremity (leg) movements for dancers in wheelchair (W/C)
		and/or strategies to maneuver W/C to optimize engagement with dancer
Cla	iss/	Group Functioning
		Create an accessible physical space and utilize inclusive language
		☐ Ensure consistent environment and structure of class
		Use of clear and simple instructions during class (i.e., 'firstthen', redirection, etc.)
		Use eye contact and address dancers by name
		Use of visual aids (timer or clock, visual schedule, visual cues, limit distractions)
		Structure transitions (countdowns, use of transition toys, minimized time waiting for next
	_	activity) and involve dancers in transitions (set up, "helping jobs") to ease transition
		Structure class with preferred activities at the end so dancers have something to look
	_	forward to
		Implement helper roles for dancers to take on leadership role
	_	Integrate sensory regulation props and activities into the class schedule (petals, butterfly-cocoon activity) to enable dancers with sensory processing needs to achieve
		their full potential and maximize their ability to participate by providing activities that can
		reduce or provide greater sensory stimulation
		Educate volunteers on:
		☐ How to support dancers (i.e., breaking down steps, getting down to eye level,
		simple instruction, etc.)
		☐ Transition (i.e., Using firstthen), keeping their buddies engaged, quick and
		organized transitions
		☐ How to redirect/re-engage dancer (i,e,: clear, direct instructions, holding hands)
		Support volunteers in observing and grading dancer's functioning to help them
		identify where they should put their focus (i.e., technique, ROM, paying attention,
_		fitness (keeping them moving), having fun, socialization, building friendships, etc.
Fut	ture	
		Communication amongst staff, studio, OT, parents, dancers, volunteers re:
		Check in, strategy review, progress, recital communication, safety plans,
		information for upcoming class/weeks/seasons, debriefs
		Class progressions & next steps - have a plan for how you will continue to build skills
		Building dancers' confidence in their abilities and improving their sense of self-efficacy
		by emphasizing a strengths-based approach
		Facilitate dancers' participation each class to help build capacity in dance in self and with
		others
		Consider future roles for dancers within The Dance Ability Movement (ie. new class
		styles, volunteering, leadership in classes).

Studio:

Season:

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## References

Rosenbaum, P., & Gorter, J. W. (2012). The 'F-words' in childhood disability: I swear this is how we should think!. *Child: care, health and development, 38*(4), 457-463.

F-Words in Childhood Disability | CanChild. (2020). Retrieved 16 April 2020, from www.canchild.ca/f-words