# CONCUSSION MANAGEMENT

**RETURN TO ACTIVITY** 

**GUIDELINES FOR** 

**CHILDREN AND** 

YOUTH

## RECOMMENDATIONS FOR RETURN TO CONTACT SPORT AFTER MULTIPLE CONCUSSIONS

- NO SAME DAY RETURN TO PLAY!
- If positive neuroimaging findings → Take at least 3 months off from contact sport.
- If 2 concussions in 3 months → Take 6 months off from the time of most recent injury.
- If 3 or more concussions in 1 year  $\rightarrow$  Take 1 year off from the time of the most recent injury.
- Discuss retirement from contact sports after 3 concussions, considering non-contact alternatives, especially if symptoms are prolonged and affecting performance.

#### **BUT CONTINUE TO EXERCISE!**

### **CONCUSSION FACTS**

The **biggest** risk is going back to play before the brain heals and getting another concussion!

#### **Management Tips**

- Drink water regularly
- Get substantial rest
  (8-10 hours of sleep)
- Do not skip meals
- Wear sunglasses or noise cancelling headphones if sensitive to light or noise

### Higher risk of prolonged recovery with:

- Multiple concussions
- History of learning or behaviour problems
- History of migraines
- Symptoms of amnesia, fogginess or dizziness

## Time in Each Stage/How long will it take for me to get through each stage? Average time in each stage is based on research from McMaster's Back to Play Study.

#### **RETURN TO ACTIVITY**

Stage 1:	1-2 days
Stage 2:	7-10 days
Stage 3:	7 days
Stage 4:	7 days
Stage 5:	3 days
Fully back to game play in 4-5 weeks	

#### **RETURN TO SCHOOL**

<b>Stage 1:</b> 1-2 days		
<b>Stage 2:</b> 3-5 days		
<b>Stage 3:</b> 7 -14 days		
<b>Stage 4:</b> 7 days		
Fully back to school in		
2-4 wooks		

**Note:** Different people recover at different rates depending on many factors, including severity of injury and previous health history. These timelines are meant to help set expectations and to be used as a guide. If you are worried about the pace of your recovery, contact a physician or brain injury specialist.



A CONCUSSION

is a brain injury

and must be taken seriously



For more information, please visit

www.canchild.ca





## **RETURN TO ACTIVITY GUIDELINES**

STAGES 1-3 of the Return to Activity (RTA) and Return to School (RTS) guidelines should progress together, however youth should return full-time to school activities before progressing to STAGE 4, and 5 of the RTA guidelines

**GOAL:** Complete home and leisure activities as tolerated, without an increase in the number or severity **Short Phase of** of symptoms. No physical activities of any intensity for longer than 5 minutes, as long as these activities do not increase symptoms. **Physical and** STAGE WHICH SYMPTOM GROUP ARE YOU IN? 🔼 B or 🕻 **Cognitive Rest** with Symptom **SYMPTOM FREE WITHIN 48 HOURS** SYMPTOM FREE/SYMPTOMS DECREASE **SYMPTOMATIC FOR MORE Guided Activity** U **THAN 4 WEEKS WITHIN 1-4 WEEKS AFTER INIURY AFTER INJURY** 24-48 hours Take at least 24 hours for each stage as you Take at least 2 days for each stage as you Take at least 1 week for each stage as you complete the rest of the guidelines. complete the rest of the guidelines. complete the rest of the guidelines. **STAGE** Begin no later than 2 weeks post injury if symptoms are decreasing. **Light Exercise** GOAL: In addition to activities accomplished in Stage 1, complete 15-30 minutes of light physical activity twice daily without (No Contact) worsening symptoms for a total of ~ 1 hour per day. LIGHT ACTIVITIES: Walking, stationary cycling, swimming, stretching. NO resistance training or weight lifting. Individual **STAGE** GOAL: Able to complete activity requirements for Stages 1 and 2, with two additional 30-minute sessions of moderate physical **Sport-Specific** activity daily without worsening symptoms for a total of ~ 2 hours per day. Activity MODERATE ACTIVITIES: Skating, light jogging, throwing. (No Contact) **Sport Specific GOAL:** Able to complete activity requirements for Stages 1-3, with two additional 30-minute sessions of moderate/vigorous physical STAGE activity for no more than 3 hours per day. By the end of the stage, progress to full team practice with NO CONTACT. Increase **Practice with** skill level and difficulty as tolerated without worsening symptoms. Team MODERATE/VIGOROUS ACTIVITIES: Begin resistance training and general sport-specific conditioning skills with one other teammate. (No Contact) Throwing/passing a ball, sport-specific drills, and other non-contact activities. **Sport-Specific STAGE** GOAL: Able to complete activity requirements for Stages 1-4, participate in full practice and training activities as tolerated without **Practice with** worsening or causing symptoms. Team VIGOROUS ACTIVITIES: Running, cycling, jumping jacks. If symptom free, you are ready to return to competition! (Contact)

**STAGE** 

6

**Return to Full Activity, Sport** or Game Play (Contact)

#### Congratulations you have completed the Guidelines!



If symptoms increase or return at any STAGE, reduce activity by returning to the previous stage for 24 hours.

### **IMPORTANT NOTES**

**ANXIETY** can be high after a brain injury. Many youth worry about school failure and need reassurance that accommodations will be temporary.

**DEPRESSION** is common during recovery from brain injury, especially when the child is unable to be active. Depression may make symptoms worse or prolong recovery.

**Note:** Different people recover at different rates depending on many factors, including severity of injury and previous health history. These timelines are meant to help set expectations and to be used as a guide. If you are worried about the pace of your recovery, contact a physician or brain injury specialist.

Reference: Berlin Consensus Statement on Concussion (2017) ©CanChild, 2018

#### CONCUSSION

A concussion also known as a mild traumatic brain injury, changes the way the brain functions. A concussion can be caused by a direct or indirect hit, blow, or force to the head or body.

#### SYMPTOMS OF CONCUSSION

- Headache
- Dizziness, nausea or vomiting
- Sleep disturbance or drowsiness
- Poor balance or coordination
- Visual problems
- Sensitivity to light or noise
- Mentally foggy
- Difficulty concentrating/ remembering
- Emotional changes (anxiety, irritability, sadness)

#### **RED FLAG SYMPTOMS**

If any of the following symptoms develop, go to the emergency department to seek further medical treatment immediately.

- Increased drowsiness or cannot be awakened
- Headaches or neck pain worsen
- Persistent vomiting
- Unequal pupil size
- Seizures
- Confusion or short-term memory loss
- Blurred/double vision, slurred speech, or loss of motor function
- · Change in behaviour (irritability, agitation, or aggression)